

NEW WORLD MAP TO TAKE DECADE

Scale of Distances and
Letters, Symbols to
Be Uniform

SIMILAR COLOR PLAN

Geographical Survey Directs
Task; Requires 10 Years
for America Alone

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The government geological survey is slowly perfecting a new map of the country, to be a part of a new world map, based upon a simple system proposed by American representatives in 1908 at an international conference. It will be the result of years of effort by map makers who have devised a system of cartography whereby a uniform scale of distances shall be used in a world map, with lettering and symbols to conform. Each country will map the territories and waters under its own jurisdiction. It is expected to complete the American map in 10 or 12 years.

The globe is to be divided into 144 sections. Each section is designated by a distinctive letter and number combination. In addition to a name derived from the locality named, each sheet, covering one section, will show six degrees of longitude and four degrees of latitude. The sheets are numbered from 1 to 60, beginning at the 180th meridian of longitude, girdling the globe to the eastward, and are lettered from A to V, north and south, with the equator as a starting point. The north and south polar regions are to be shown in circular sections from the 88th parallel of latitude and lettered Z-north and Z-south.

The main purpose of the international map, which will be drawn on the scale of one to one-millionth, is to furnish a complete world map of uniform drawing, obviating different scales of distances, and to enable map makers and leaders of each country to understand the maps of every other nation, even though they do not understand any of their own tongues. There will be shown only the outlines of land and water, with depth of water and heights of land, stream and river systems, or drainage, in the map makers' parlance; roads, rail and trolley lines, towns, cities and contours.

While the scale, which is approximately 16 miles to the inch, will allow of very inclusive work,

NEW MAXWELL HERE

The latest product of the Maxwell Motor Corporation is now on display in the showroom of the Sturin Motor Co., local Maxwell dealer.

It is the good Maxwell club coupe, a two-passenger enclosed car of prepossessing beauty, which displays a number of very obvious features unusual in a car of the type.

The club coupe made its initial bow to patrons of the New York closed car show in September, where visitors pronounced it the most advanced model of the light, two-passenger enclosed car yet developed.

Quarter windows, which drop full length in substitution of the solid, fabric-covered rear quarter sections generally incorporated in the design of the two-passenger coupe, form one notable feature registered in this latest Maxwell product. Together with the rear light, which is of large, standard coupe size, give unobstructed vision in all directions, adding greatly to the pleasure and safety of driving. The seating space is positioned as in the good Maxwell roadster, with the added advantage to riding qualities of greater weight and an almost even distribution of weight to the four wheels. Unusual comfort and remarkable roadability are claimed for the car.

Correct ventilation, a matter of real importance in the enclosed car of small passenger compartment space, is another feature of noteworthy interest. The extra quarter windows, alone, are not responsible for improved ventilation, it is explained; the use of the standard Maxwell closed car windshield is the factor which is emphasized by the company. It is a windshield of the double ventilating type, but is of original design and is used on no other make of car. The complete control of ventilation is made possible by its use. An added feature is found in the fact that the windshield is firmly set all around in a rubber, making it water tight and rattle proof.

The exterior beauty of the car is equaled by the luxury of its interior appointments. Seat and back rest are upholstered in genuine leather. The upper section is covered with attractive broadcloth in contrast with the prevailing gloomy trim of cars of the type. Hardware, of the new satin finish, is substantial and attractive. Yale door locks, heavy rear window curtain, rear vision mirror, windshield wiper, windshield visor, floor carpet and ventilating type heater form the very complete equipment of the club coupe.

A very large deck compartment in the rear is equipped with Yale lock, while another deep compartment for parcels is located inside, immediately back of the rear seat.

All in all, the new Maxwell Club coupe is ideal for any man or woman in need of a small closed car in any type of service.

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

FOR
CONSTIPATION
BILIOUSNESS
Headache
INDIGESTION
Stomach Trouble
SOLD EVERYWHERE

Modern Englishmen Soft and Lazy, Need Adventure

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Unless Britishers regain their spirit of adventure the nation is lost.

This is the belief expressed by Sir Claude de Crespigny.

"It would be a good thing for the future of the nation if duelling were reintroduced and personal satisfaction for an injury took the place of a namby-pamby, wordy argument in the courts," Sir Claude says.

"Many men now are in the habit of declaring that their womenfolk are becoming less womanly and more aggressive. If this is so it is the law of compensation working, for as woman is getting near to man in his characteristics so is man veering inevitably to the feminine. Many men think nothing of letting women be the breadwinners. Where is our manliness, our chivalry, if such a state of affairs is allowed to exist?"

"The young men of 1922 seem to have forgotten how to lead a manly life, or, if they have not forgotten, they shun it like the plague. Self-indulgence, ease and comfort—these are the modern aims. The general inclination is all toward the amassing of wealth, with the ultimate aim of a soft and lazy retirement."

"Your modern young man drinks numbers of cocktails and other fancy mixtures. It may be argued

many details of small towns and streams will be omitted.

Hypsometric Color Scheme.
To show heights and depths a scheme of hypsometric colors has been adopted. This will grade from a very light green for shallow waters to the familiar tints of deep blue for the increasing depths of seas and from light yellow for low countries and valleys to a deep brown red for heights. The metric system was adopted for all numerals, and high points, peaks and mountains

will be shown in meters. Streams and rivers will be shown in blue, roads in red, cities and rail lines in black.

The projection is based upon a modified polyconic system, wherein meridians of longitude are all in straight lines. The lines of latitude will be only slightly curving on each sheet because of the large scale.

As many political boundaries will be shown as the density of the data included permits. For instance, the map of the United States

will show state, county, reservation, land grant and other land office lines. The control that is, positions determined astronomically and by triangulation, to insure accuracy; drainage, including rivers, streams, creeks, swamps, canals and other water bodies; and culture, such as towns, cities, railways, roads and highways, all constitute a "base map," which is compiled as the first step in the work and which will be made available by the survey for state and other maps.

The completed map, in size about 30x20 inches, is copper engraved in the most delicate and strong detail, and will be available at the survey. It is reduced in size to form a scale of eight miles to the inch. The production is by photolithography.

The sections thus far completed have required six months to complete. The work, however, for lack of extra appropriation, is being done concurrently with other map work. It is estimated that the cost for the international map will be from \$15 to \$35 per thousand square miles of area.

The details of the international map were accepted by nine world powers at conferences in 1909 and 1913.

While it is popularly known as the one-millionth map of the world, its correct title is The International Map of the World on the scale of 1:1,000,000.

Clocks in Poland Are Regulated by Law
All clocks publicly displayed in Poland must henceforth show the correct time, according to a regulation recently published in the Polish Journal of Laws.

In the cities of Warsaw, Poznan, Cracow, Lvov and Wilno, all such clocks must at all times be within three minutes of the correct official time. In other cities and all places having railroad or telephone stations, a variation of five minutes is permitted. In other localities, the variation must not exceed 20 minutes.

English scientists have developed a new substance that can be made in either solid or pliable form for the protection of persons using X-rays.

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COLDS

"Pape's Cold Compound" Breaks a Cold in Few Hours

Every druggist here guarantees each package of "Pape's Cold Compound" to break up any cold and end gripe misery in a few hours or money returned. Stiffness, pain,

headache, feverishness, inflamed or congested nose and head relieved with first dose. These safe, pleasant tablets cost only a few cents and millions now take them instead of sickening quinine.—Advertisement.

What's the Price of Good Clothes?

The public today will not buy if they believe the article offered is "high priced." Unfortunately, many stores have taken this to mean that people want only cheap merchandise.

That is not our belief. Our customers want fair prices, the lowest prices possible for quality merchandise. But they know we cannot sell good clothing at the same prices as cheap clothing.

There is nothing the public buys in which quality is so important as in clothing. Nor is there anything in which cheap workmanship can be so easily concealed from the casual observer.

Good clothing is made up of three things—good fabrics, good design and good tailoring. Skimping any one of them will not only cheapen clothing in price, but will also cheapen it far more in quality. You can buy cheap clothing which may look well when you first put it on; it may be made of good fabric, but the real test will come after you wear it—that's when quality will begin to show up.

The difference between the cost of good clothing and poor clothing is small. But the difference in value—in satisfaction to the wearer—is great.

We sell good clothing. The price represents the quality that's in it. The kind of clothing that makes satisfied customers—and that's the kind we want.

Our Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes

are the kind that deserve special consideration from any man who thinks well of his appearance. Good style, good tailoring and good fabrics.

Suits \$39.50 to \$75
Overcoats \$39.50 to \$100

The price depends on the fabric and trimming—the workmanship is the same.

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The Famous
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No Sale
Is Complete
Until the
Customer
Is Satisfied

Two-Day Sale of Patent Leather Canteen Bags

at \$2.95

Regular Price \$3.50

This is one of the most attractive as well as most convenient bags shown this season. It is made of fine quality bright and shiny patent leather and is exceptionally large in size, being 35x55 inches. Nicely lined with silk moire and fitted with various needed toilet accessories, in addition to a large mirror and coin purse. Some are divided into two compartments. A double strap handle completes the bag. It is fastened by patent clasp. This bag regularly sells at the low price of only \$3.50, but as a special feature today and Saturday, the price will be only \$2.95.

—See Window Display



All Niris Corsets

Reduced for Today and Saturday
\$5 Corset, \$4

—No. 402—Black lace Niris Corset, elastic top, lightly lined, frass hip. Made of pink broadcloth material and trimmed in lace. Regular price \$5. Special, Today and Saturday, \$4.

—All other Niris Models reduced as follows:

—Regular \$1.50 Niris Corsets \$1.35
—Regular \$2.00 Niris Corsets \$1.60
—Regular \$2.50 Niris Corsets \$2.00
—Regular \$3.00 Niris Corsets \$2.40
—Regular \$3.50 Niris Corsets \$2.80
—Regular \$4.00 Niris Corsets \$3.20
—Regular \$4.50 Niris Corsets \$3.60
—Regular \$5.00 Niris Corsets \$4.00
—Regular \$5.50 Niris Corsets \$4.50
—Third Floor



Featuring Dainty Silk Underthings

In Attractive Shades and Modest Prices

Kayser Silk Jersey Vests, \$2.98 to \$7.50

—Kayser silk jersey vests in plain bodice or built-up tops, with fancy embroidery or lace trimmings. Some have dainty lace stripes. Colors, flesh, orchid, Nile and corn. Priced at \$2.98 to \$7.50.

Kayser Silk Jersey Bloomers, \$3.50 to \$8.50

—Kayser silk jersey bloomers in all-plain or fancy stripes; some are lace trimmed, some with touches of fancy embroidery. Colors, flesh, orchid, Nile and corn. Prices \$3.50 to \$8.50.

Silk Gowns, \$8.50 to \$15

—Made of heavy crepe de chine and radium silk in beautiful tailored styles with tucks, ribbons and hand embroidery. Colors, peach, orchid, flesh and white. Each \$3.50 to \$15.

Silk Teddies, \$4.50 to \$10

—Made of heavy crepe de chine and radium silk, beautifully tailored and trimmed in tucks, hand embroidery and hemstitching. Shoulder straps of the same material. Colors, flesh, orchid, peach and blue. Prices \$4.50 to \$10.

Very Special for Today and Saturday

—Crepe de chine union suit, with tailored top, plain or fancy, trimming. Made of good quality crepe de chine. Sizes 36 to 42. Color, flesh only. Regular price \$5.50.

—Special Today and Saturday, \$2.98

—Third Floor

New Neckwear

That Add Charm to Blouse or Sweater

—Bertha collars, made of net trimmed with lace. Widths, 3 to 12 inches. Prices \$1.25 to \$5.98.

—New vestings in yardage, including Venetian lace and net combinations, net with picot edges and net ruffles; Irish and fillet laces. Prices, vesting length, 75c to \$6.

—Net gimpes for sweaters, dresses and suits, made of fine quality net trimmed with lace in straight and circular neck styles. Prices, \$1.50 to \$8.50.

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the story of its
superiority



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Pay for them when you are ready to use them.

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